Annex A

Based on the 2006 DfT criteria, they include two changes, as follows: The inclusion of causation factors 306 & 307, this identifies directly speed related collisions only.

The removal of the 85Th percentile rule *. The above addition precludes the need to validate the data through the 85th percentile rule, which has therefore been removed.

Criteria used for identification of potential safety camera enforcement locations for York and North Yorkshire.

Criteria used									
		Fixed speed camera sites	Mobile speed camera sites	Routes	Red light or combined red light speed camera sites				
1	Causation Factors	306 - Exceeding the speed limit and/or 307 - Travelling too fast for conditions							
2	Number of killed and serious collisions (KSI)	At least 3KSI collisions per km in the baseline period*	At least 1KSI collision per km (average) in the baseline period*	A minimum of 3 exis core sites within thength. (There are further requiremen or Has at least 1KS collision per km (average) in the base period* and meets Personal Injury Colli (PIC) total points valuelow in (5) below	At least 1KSI collision within the junction in the baseline period* Selection must be based upon a collision history of red light running				
		* The baseline period is the most recent 36 month period available when proposal is submitted, where the end date is within 12 months of the date of submission							
3	Site or route length requirements	Between 0.4km and 1.5km	Between 0.4km and 5km	Between 5km and 2	Okm From stop line to stop line in direction of trave				
4	New camera sites will be selected using an assessment that includes the level of fatal, serious and slight collisions. The combined level of collisions will be expressed as a numerical scale (see below) and assessed relative to the road classification for the site - whether it is either a "built up" or "non-built up" area and according to the type of site i.e. route, fixed, mobile or red light Fatal or serious injury collision = 5 (e.g. 2 serious collisions = 10) Slight injury collision = 1 (e.g. 5 slight collisions = 5) 'Built up area' is defined as a road with a speed limit of 40 mph or less 'Non-built up area' is defined as a road with a speed limit of 50 mph or more								
5	Minimum Points Threshold	Built up 22 points per km Non built up 18 points per km For sites up to 1km the a For sites longer that 1kr		Built up Non built 8 points 6 point per km per kn	ts 10 points				

Subject to approval, stages 6 &7 below, will be undertaken through physical site assessments to ascertain final suitability of locations.

		Fixed speed camera sites	Mobile speed camera sites	Routes	Red light or combined red light speed camera sites	
6	Suitability of site for camera enforcement	The physical site assessment/survey must be undertaken, demonstrating the following: (a) The speed limit has been reviewed confirming that camera enforcement is the right so (b) There is no other cost effective engineering solution that is more appropriate; (c) That the Traffic Regulation Order (where applicable) and signing are lawful and correct				
7	Site conditions that are suitable for the type of enforcement proposed	Loading and unloading of camera can take place safely	Location for mobile enforcement is easily accessible and there is space for enforcement to take place in a visible legal and safe manner	The location of collisions in the baseline period will determine the length of route	Loading and unloading the camera can take place safely	

 $^{^{[1]}}$ 85th percentile rule is the speed at or below which 85% of vehicles are travelling and speed surveys indicate that the speed is at or above ACPO enforcement threshold.